



DYNAMIC DRIVER FEEDBACK SIGNS: PILOT DATA SUMMARY — KING COUNTY WA

King County Target Zero Program
Public Health — Seattle & King County
December 12, 2024

PROJECT OVERVIEW

Smart Signs dynamic feedback signs

- Grant funded through the WA Traffic Safety Commission (WTSC)
- Feedback signs
- Detect Speeding, Distraction and Seatbelt use

PROJECT OVERVIEW

12 locations across KC

- Equity matrix
- 4 sets of signs
- 1 week pre-collection with collector device
- 4 weeks with feedback sign
- 1-2 weeks post collection
 - This schedule shifted throughout the project period



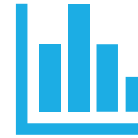
DATA FLOW



Sensor collects
data at 12
locations
across King
County



Contractor
processes
data and
prepares
analytic file
for each
location



Data analyst
reviews
analytic files
and conducts
analysis



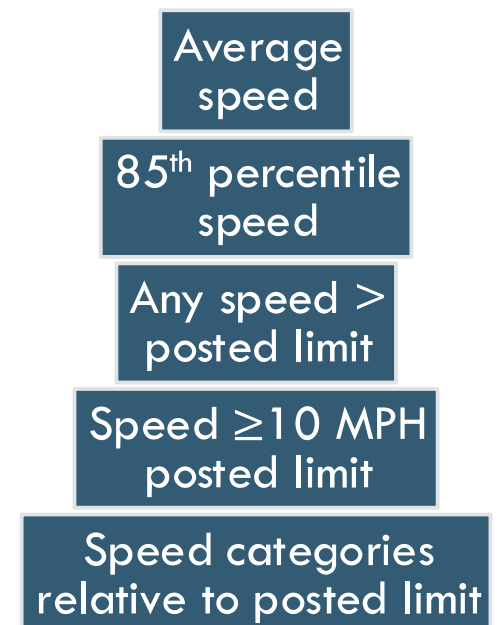
Team
develops
summary
comparing
during and
post to pre
sign
deployment

ANALYSIS APPROACH: COMPARE PERCENT OF VEHICLES WITH DETECTED SAFETY BEHAVIOR DURING AND POST TO PRE SIGN IMPLEMENTATION AT EACH SITE



Behavior Detected		
Speeding*	Seat Belt Use	Driver Phone in Hand

*Speeding categorized as:



DATA OVERVIEW

Variability in data collection duration and vehicle volume by site and data collection phase

- No post data collection at Airport Way S. location

Data collection included both weekdays and weekends across all phases

- Pacific location had three weekdays (Mon-Wed) of pre data collection

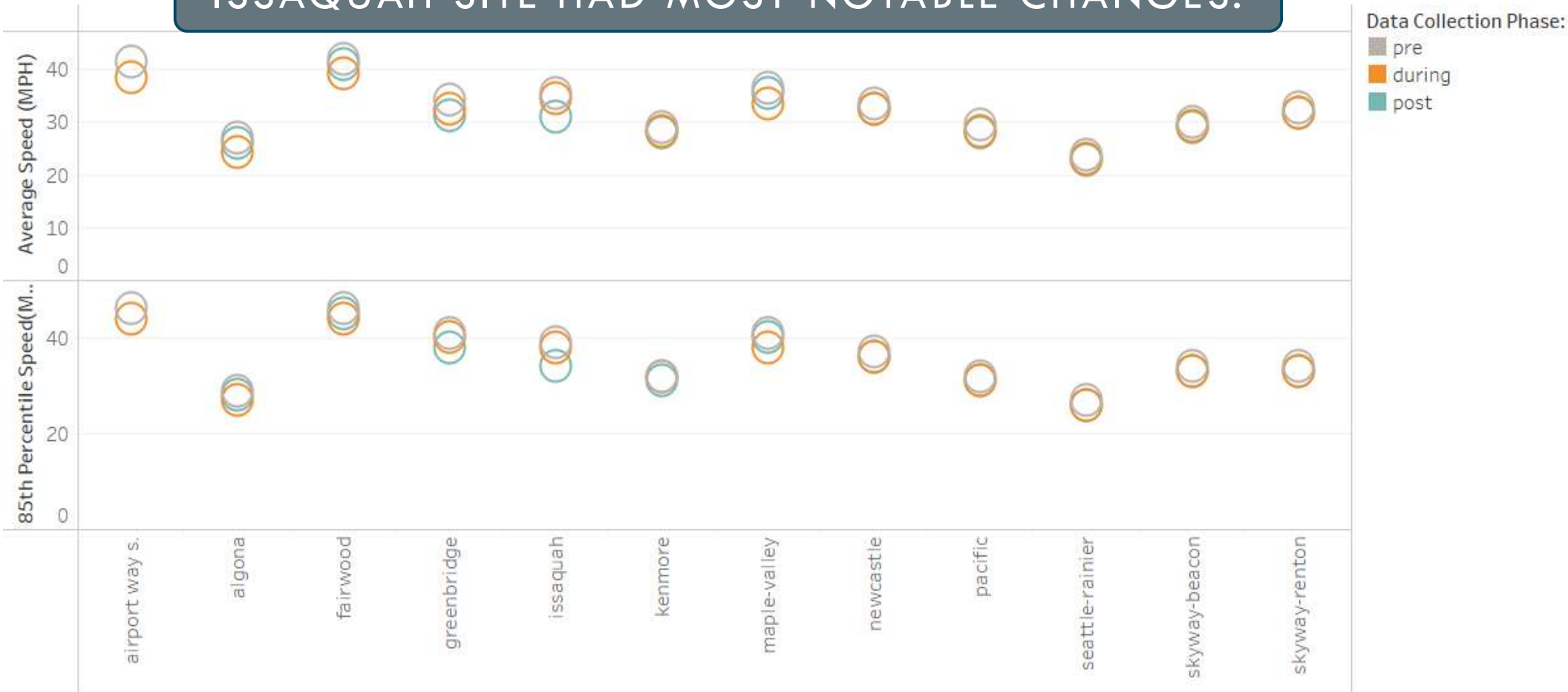
At each site, data collection occurred 7 days a week between the hours of 7AM and 7PM PST.

- Evening hours (5PM – 7PM) had smallest percentage of vehicles across sites and data collection phases

Across all sites and data collection phases, sedans (~50%) and sports utility vehicles (~25%) were most common types of vehicles

VEHICLE SPEEDS

ISSAQUAH SITE HAD MOST NOTABLE CHANGES.



LITTLE VARIATION IN BOTH AVERAGE AND 85TH PERCENTILE SPEEDS* AMONG SITES ACROSS PHASES

*Speed at which 85% of free-flowing vehicles drive at or below



THROUGHOUT ALL PHASES OF DATA COLLECTION,
NO VEHICLES PASSING THE ALGONA SITE WERE
DETECTED EXCEEDING POSTED 35 MPH SPEED LIMIT



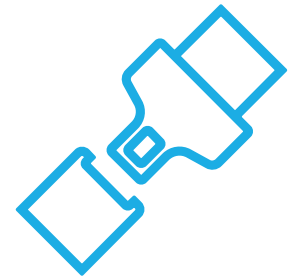
MAJORITY OF SITES DID NOT HAVE VEHICLES TRAVELING ≥ 10 MPH ABOVE POSTED ROADWAY LIMIT ACROSS DATA COLLECTION PHASES.



POSITIVE SHIFTS IN PERCENT OF VEHICLES TRAVELING AT OR BELOW ROADWAY POSTED LIMIT DURING AND POST SIGN DEPLOYMENT AT ISSAQUAH, KENMORE, NEWCASTLE, AND SEATTLE—RAINIER AVE S. LOCATIONS

SEAT BELT USE

Driver and front passenger, if present



PERCENT OF
VEHICLES WITH A
BELTED DRIVER*
WERE LOWER THAN
KING COUNTY
PUBLISHED
ESTIMATES WITH NO
SUBSTANTIAL
CHANGES ACROSS
DATA COLLECTION
PHASES

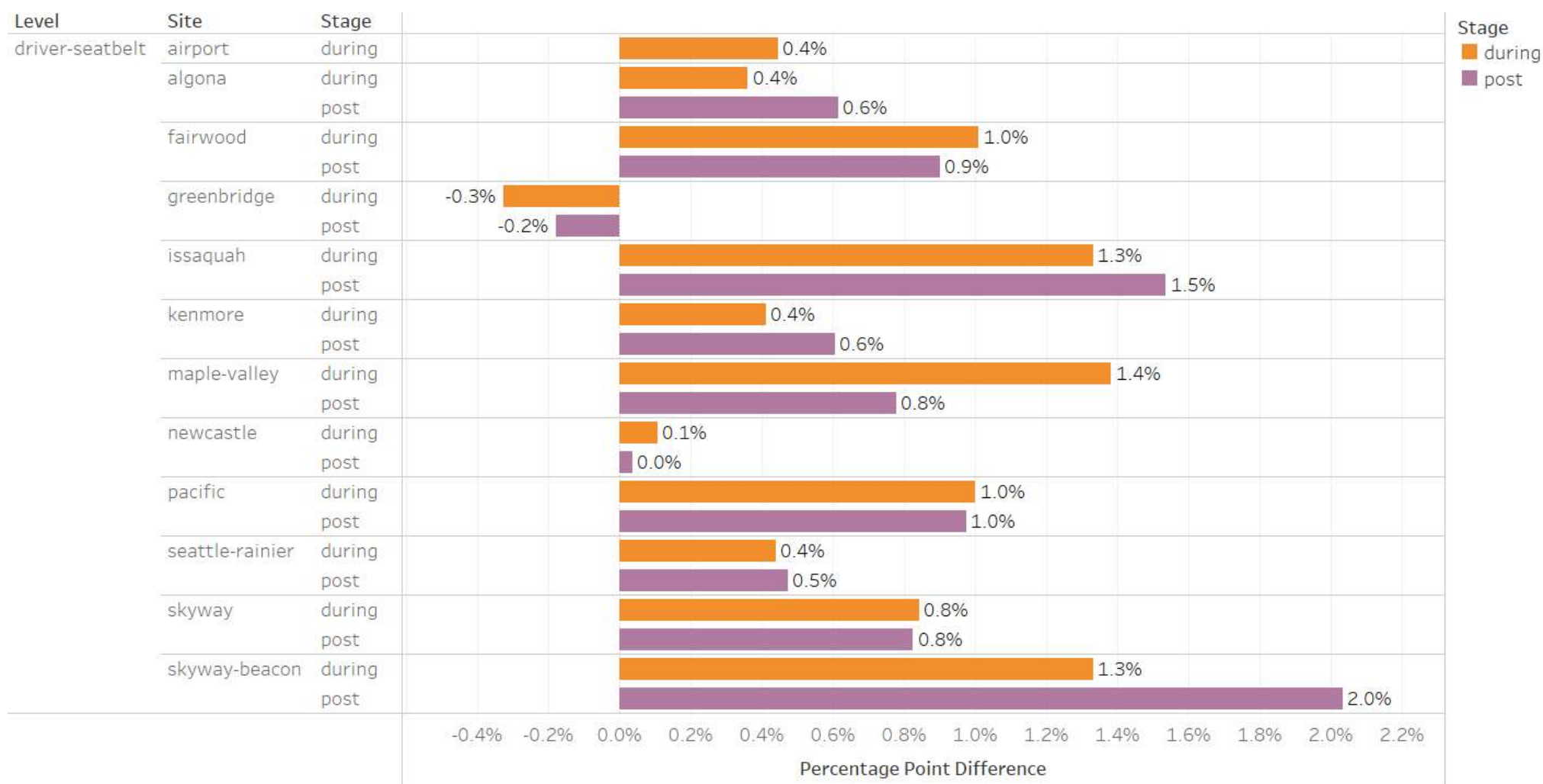
2023 King County Seat Belt Use Estimates

WTSC Statewide Survey: 94%

Statewide Observation Study: 95.5%



*Among vehicles where seat belt was detectable



SMALL PERCENTAGE POINT INCREASES IN
VEHICLES WITH BELTED DRIVER* DURING OR
POST, COMPARED TO PRE, INTERVENTION

*Among vehicles where
seat belt was
detectable

ACROSS THE 12
SITES, PERCENT
OF VEHICLES
WITH A BELTED
FRONT
PASSENGER*
RANGED FROM
86% TO 92%
DURING AND
POST SIGN
DEPLOYMENT

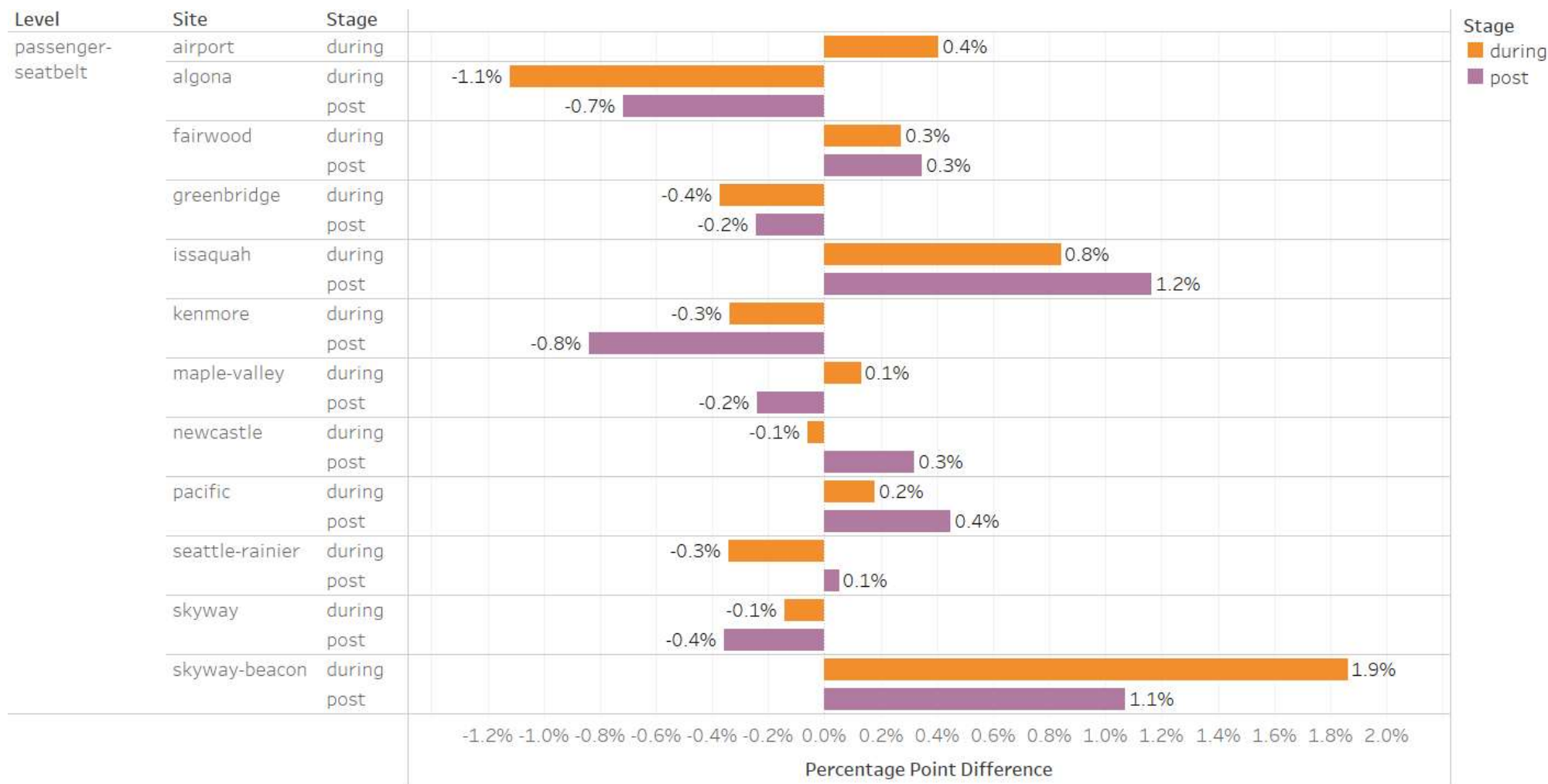
2023 King County Seat Belt Use Estimates

WTSC Statewide Survey: 94%

Statewide Observation Study: 95.5%



*Among vehicles where a front passenger was detected



FEWER THAN TWO PERCENTAGE POINT INCREASES
FOR VEHICLES WITH BELTED FRONT
PASSENGER* DURING OR POST, COMPARED TO PRE,
INTERVENTION

*Among vehicles where
a front passenger was
detected

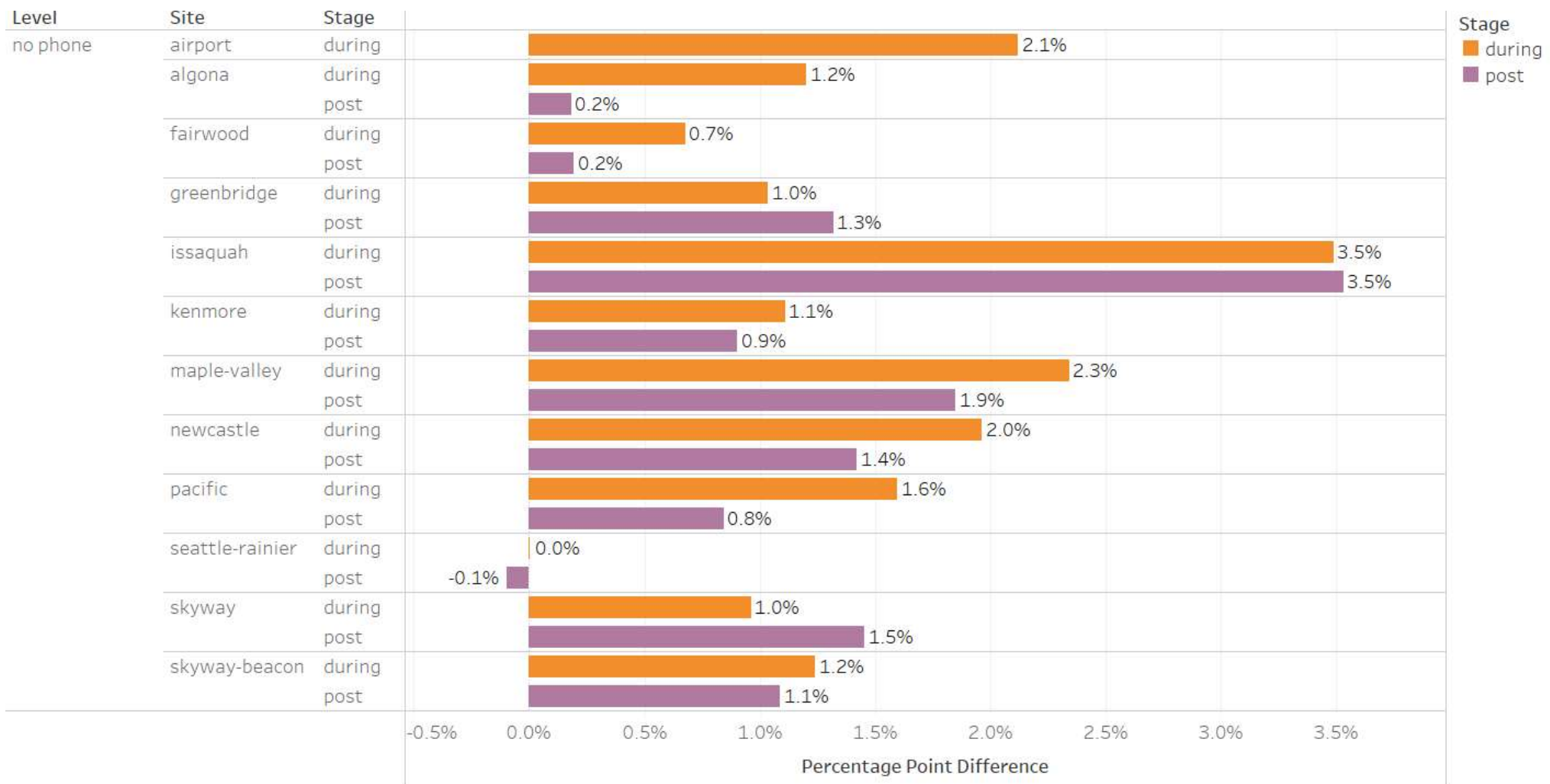
DRIVER PHONE IN HAND





HIGH PERCENT OF VEHICLES* WHERE DRIVER HAD WITH NO PHONE IN HAND ACROSS SITES IN EACH DATA COLLECTION PHASE

*Among vehicles where phone in hand was detectable



ISSAQUAH SITE HAD MOST GAIN OF 3.5
PERCENTAGE POINTS WHERE DRIVER HAD NO PHONE
IN HAND* DURING OR POST, COMPARED TO PRE,
INTERVENTION

*Among vehicles where
phone in hand was
detectable

Highlight of site-specific results

Four Sites*

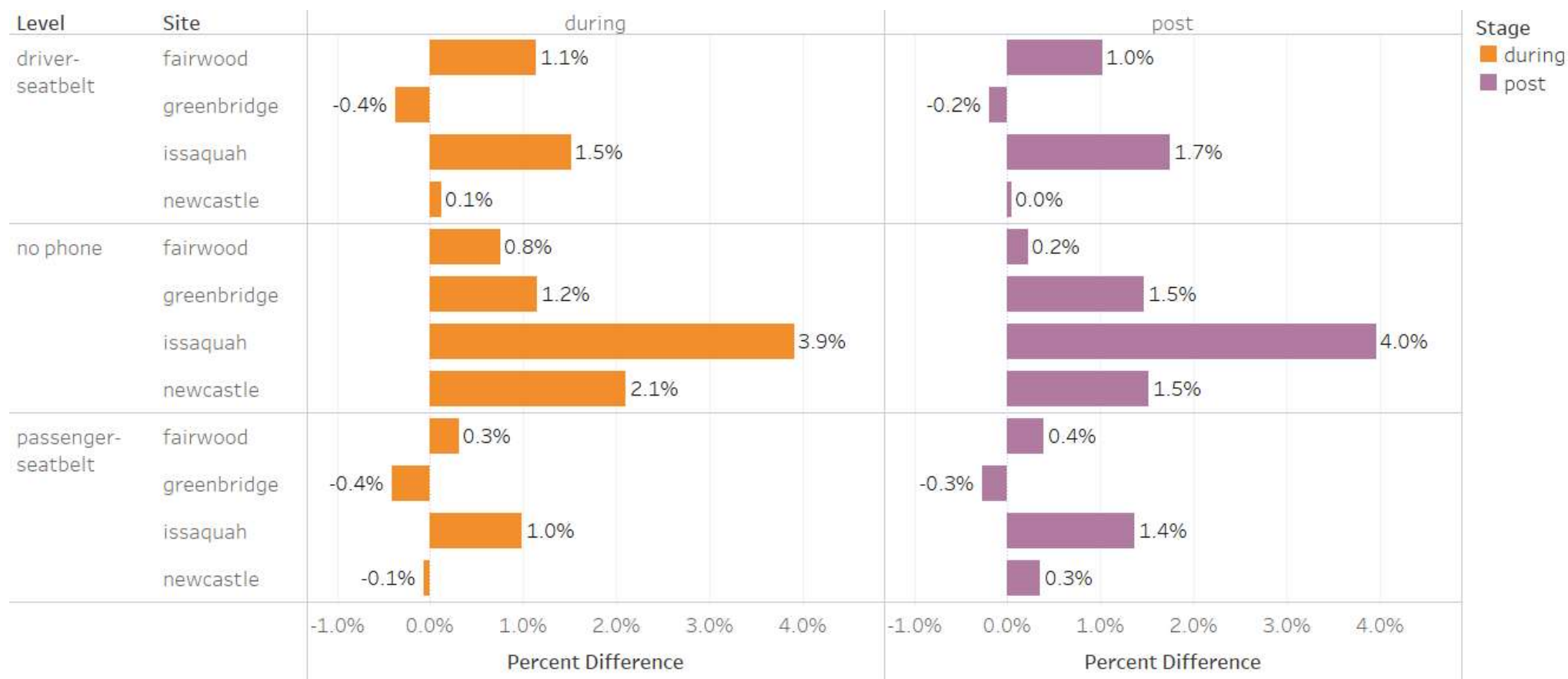
Fairwood

Greenbridge

Issaquah

Newcastle

*Selected based on minimal data collection challenges



**LARGEST CHANGE* IN TRAFFIC SAFETY BEHAVIOR
WAS AT ISSAQUAH SITE WITH 4% INCREASE IN
DRIVERS WITH NO PHONE IN HAND DURING AND
POST, COMPARED TO PRE, INTERVENTION**

*Percent change
compared to pre
intervention

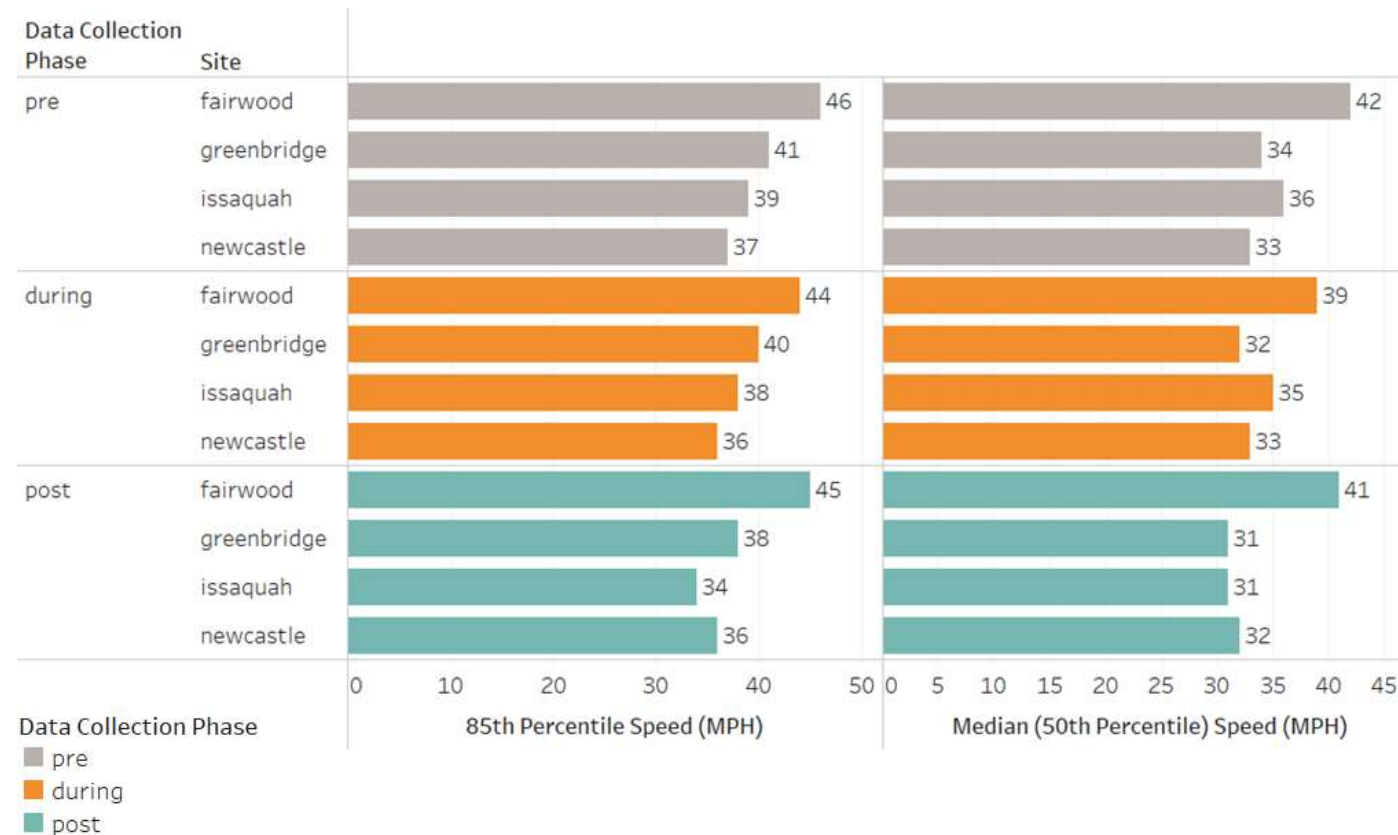
85TH PERCENTILE* & MEDIAN SPEEDS OFTEN EXCEEDED POSTED ROADWAY LIMITS ACROSS SITES AND DATA COLLECTION PHASES

35 MPH posted limit

- Fairwood
- Issaquah
- Newcastle

25 MPH posted limit

- Greenbridge



*Speed at which 85% of free-flowing motorists drive at or below

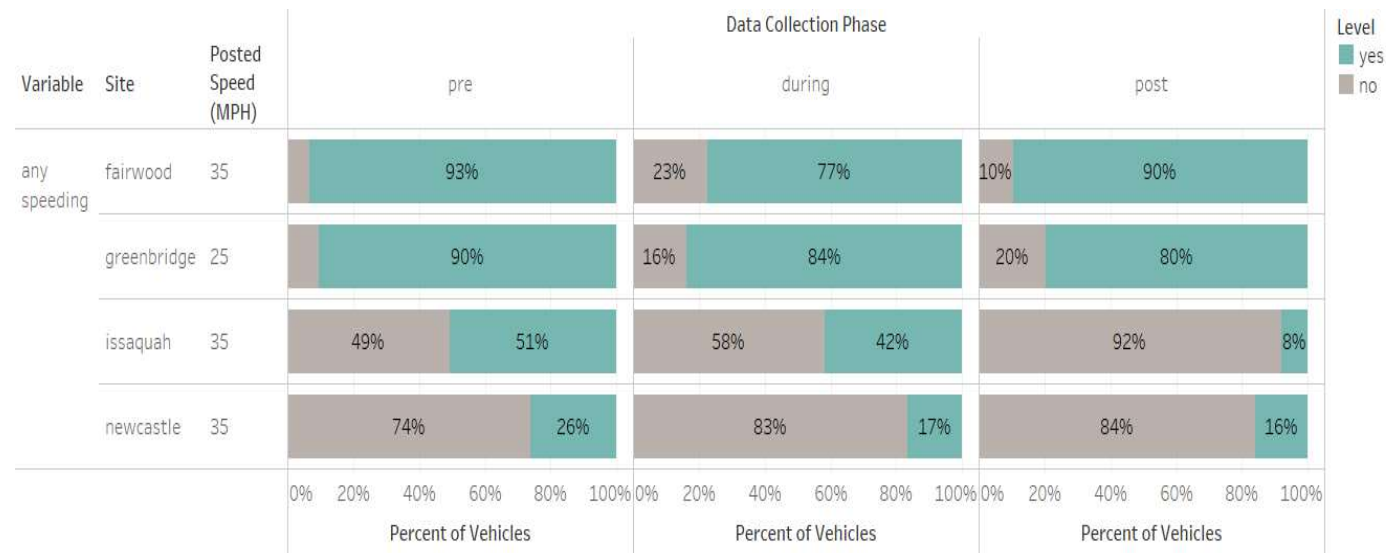
FAIRWOOD & GREENBRIDGE HAD HIGHER PERCENT OF MOTORIST TRAVELING ANY SPEED ABOVE POSTED LIMIT

Fairwood & Greenbridge sites

- Small reductions in motorists traveling above posted limited

Issaquah & Newcastle sites

- Larger reductions in motorists traveling above posted limit



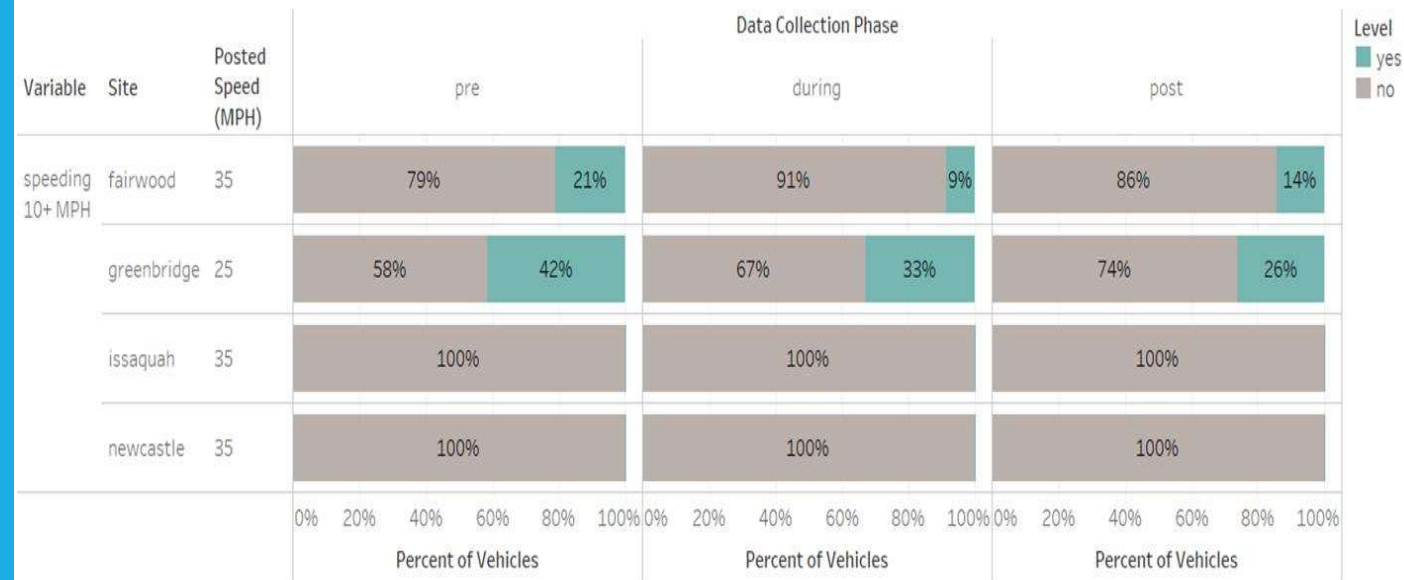
VARIABLE CHANGES IN EXCESSIVE SPEEDING (≥ 10 MPH) RELATIVE TO POSTED SPEED BY DATA COLLECTION PHASE AND SITE

Fairwood & Greenbridge sites

- Decrease in motorists traveling ≥ 10 MPH above posted limit

Issaquah & Newcastle sites

- No motorists traveling ≥ 10 MPH above posted limit



OBSERVED DECREASE IN VEHICLES TRAVELING ≥ 10 MPH OR 1-3 MPH ABOVE POSTED ROADWAY LIMIT DURING AND POST SIGN DEPLOYMENT

Fairwood & Greenbridge sites

- Decrease in motorists traveling ≥ 10 MPH above posted limit

Issaquah & Newcastle sites

- Decrease in motorists traveling 1-4 MPH above posted limit
- Increase in motorists traveling at/below posted limited



DATA LIMITATIONS AND CAVEATS

Variability across sites in data collection duration, seasonality, and traffic volumes

- Interpret cross-site comparisons with caution; other factors could contribute to observed changes.

Lower estimate for seat belt use could be impacted by data collection/detection issues

Unknown driver seat belt use classified in situations where:

- there are objects blocking the driver (e.g., objects hanging from rear view mirror)
- vehicle is not fully in lane
- bright/dark light on the windshield

Driver-incorrect-seatbelt classified as "no seat belt"

SUMMARY TAKEAWAYS

Moderate decrease in speed at some locations during and post sign implementation

Little to no change in seat belt use and phone in hand during or post sign implementation

- % changes during: -0.4% - 1.6% (driver belted); -1.2 -2.1% (passenger belted); 0.8% - 3.9% (no phone)
- % changes post: -0.2% - 1.7% (driver belted); -1.0% - 1.4% (passenger belted); -0.1% - 4.0% (no phone)

Percent of vehicle with seatbelt use lower than published rates from self-report and observational studies

- Range: 84%-91% (pre); 85%-91% (during & post)

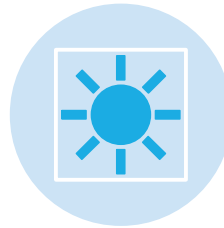
Sizeable percentage of vehicles with driver unknown seatbelt use or not detectable due to glare

- Excluded data ranged from 11%-12% of vehicles across sites and phases

LESSONS LEARNED/TECHNOLOGY CONSIDERATIONS



Potential for
equipment
theft/vandalism



Solar operation
issues



Vehicle traffic
striking equipment



Dynamic feedback
sign operation
issues



THANK YOU

For questions contact King County Target Zero at:
trafficsafety@kingcounty.gov